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Arrhythmias

IMPLANTABLE CARDIOVERTER-DEFIBRILLATOR THERAPY IN PATIENTS WHO HAVE GENETIC HEART DISEASE

Moderated Poster Contributions

Poster Sessions, Expo North

Sunday, March 10, 2013, 3:45 p.m.-4:30 p.m.

Session Title: Arrhythmias: Devices III - Use of Arrhythmia Devices in Novel Patient Populations

Abstract Category: 8. Arrhythmias: Devices

Presentation Number: 1235M-30

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Background: Little is known of ICD therapy in patients who receive implantable cardioverter-defibrillators (ICD) for genetic heart disease (GHD). The aim of this study was to determine if ICD therapy (Rx) differed amongst GHD patients, and between GHD patients and patients who did not have GHD, including ischemic and non-ischemic cardiomyopathy.

Methods and Results: Of 2177 patients who received ICDs at our center from 2000-2011, 316 (14.6%) had GHD, including arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia (ARVD), channelopathies (CHAN), hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), and left ventricular non-compaction (LVNC). Age, indication, average follow-up and left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF), and appropriate ICD Rx are shown in the table.

| | ARVD n=51 | CHAN n=82 | HCM n=144 | LVNC n=39 | P value |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Average Age \pm SD | 43.2 \pm 17.4 | 51.2 \pm 19.0 | 43.8 \pm 16.9 | 50.7 \pm 14.8 | 0.004 |
| Average Follow-up (mos) | 54.0 \pm 32.7 | 65.1 \pm 38.9 | 65.9 \pm 43.2 | 38.1 \pm 28.7 | <0.0001 |
| % Primary prevention | 70.6% | 39.0% | 86.1% | 82.1% | <0.0001 |
| Average LVEF \pm SD | 58.4 \pm 10.0 | 57.1 \pm 8.6 | 61.6 \pm 12.7 | 37.7 \pm 16.9 | <0.0001 |
| ICD Therapy | 24% | 29% | 17% | 21% | <0.0001 |
| Shock | 16% | 23% | 14% | 5% | 0.0686 |
| Antitachycardia pacing | 24% | 21% | 8% | 18% | 0.0164 |
| Time to 1st ICD Therapy (mos) | 2.9 | 10.6 | 20.5 | 4.9 | 0.0213 |

Compared to 1861 patients without GHD, patients with GHD were younger (46.2 \pm 17.7 vs 66.7 \pm 12.5; p <0.0001), and less likely to receive ICD Rx (21.5% vs 30.0%; p =0.0025) but more received inappropriate shocks (11.7% vs 7.4%; p =0.0041); however, the proportions receiving an ICD for primary prevention (69.9% vs 70.6%; p =0.8656), and the median time to 1st ICD Rx (12.2 vs 17.2 mos; p =0.605) were similar.

Conclusion: Significant differences exist in the need for ICD therapy and the time to 1st ICD Rx amongst patients who have GHD. However, all GHD subgroups benefited from high-voltage shocks and antitachycardia pacing. In general, GHD patients were younger and less likely to receive ICD Rx than patients without GHD.